

16th November 2021

To,

National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No.C/1,
G Block, Bandra – Kurla Complex
Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400051
Scrip: RADAAN

BSE Limited,
2nd Floor, New Trading Wing,
Rotunda Building, P. J. Towers,
Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400001
Scrip:590070

Dear Sirs,

Sub: Newspaper advertisement pertaining to financial results of Q2 FY 2022

Please find enclosed herewith copies of the newspaper publication pertaining to financial results of the Company for the quarter ended 30th September 2021. The advertisements were published in English and Tamil newspapers on 15th November 2021.

Thanking you,

For Radaan Mediaworks India Limited



Kanhu Charan Sahu
Company Secretary

TRINITY MIRROR

MONDAY 15 NOVEMBER 2021

India's climate dilemma

India faces a difficult choice that will have consequences for the world.

No country's energy needs are expected to grow faster in coming decades than India's. Even under the most optimistic projections, a part of the demand must be met by dirty coal power -- a key source of heat trapping carbon emissions.

India can either compromise on development needed to lift millions from poverty, or it can continue burning coal from the country's vast domestic reserves, said India's top environmental official Rameshwar Prasad Gupta in New Delhi, the week before the United Nations climate summit at Glasgow, known as COP26.

With just days remaining for the crucial talks, a fundamental question remains: Will there be enough carbon space in the atmosphere for India's developmental needs to coexist with the global ambition of limiting warming to 1.5

degrees Celsius (2.7 degrees Fahrenheit) since pre-industrial times.

Last week, Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi announced that the country would aim to stop adding greenhouse gases to the atmosphere by 2070 -- two decades after the US, and at least 10 years later than China. But this will only shave off a tenth of a degree of the world's warming, said climate scientist Niklas Hohne, of the NewClimate Institute and the Climate Action Tracker.

And India's short-term targets for 2030 - increasing its current capacity of non-fossil fuel electricity to 500 gigawatts and using green energy to meet half of its needs, cutting carbon emissions by a billion tons compared with previous targets, and reducing the carbon intensity of its economy by 45 per cent - wouldn't have any impact, said Hohne.

But experts said these goals are ambitious for India, considering its developmental status and

will be far from easy.

For instance, India will have to triple its non-fossil fuel capacity in less than a decade. And for that, its power sector will have to completely reimagine itself. States, whose entire economies have centered around coal for centuries, will have to diversify. Land, which is in short supply in the crowded subcontinent, will be required for sprawling solar parks.

Even as the Indian delegation to COP26 returned with little hopes of mitigating global woes, the New Delhi government asked people to stay indoors as much as possible due to highly increasing pollution levels in the National Capital Region. Almost all stations across the National Capital Region recorded an AQI under the 'severe' category.

The alarming pollution levels were further accentuated by the farm fires that accounted for nearly 35 per cent of the pollution.

Bulandshahr/ Lucknow, Nov 15:

The Congress will not enter into an alliance with any political party and contest all the 403 seats in the 2022 Uttar Pradesh polls on its own, party leader Priyanka Gandhi Vadra announced on Sunday.

A tweet from the Uttar Pradesh unit of the Congress said Priyanka Gandhi made the declaration on the plea of the party workers.

Ruling out an electoral tie-up in Uttar Pradesh,

the Congress general secretary said the leaders of the Samajwadi Party (SP) and the Bahujan Samaj Party (SP) were nowhere to be seen even when the 2017 Unnao rape case and the Hathras gangrape-and-murder case in 2020 rocked the country, adding that only the Congress was fighting for the people.

According to sources in the Congress, she said the party fought for the people's agenda over the last five years

in the state and added that on the basis of its organisational strength, it would go to the polls and give an opportunity to the party cadre.

Addressing Congress workers at the Pratigya Sammelan - Lakshya 2022 in Bulandshahr, Priyanka Gandhi stressed on the importance of the Uttar Pradesh polls for the party, calling it a "do-or-die" situation.

She held talks with around 7,400 party workers from 14 districts of the state in Bulandshahr.

Priyanka Gandhi's declaration of the Congress going solo in the Uttar Pradesh polls assumes significance as in recent days, the grand old party was seen favourably inclined towards the Rashtriya Lok Dal (RLD) of Jayant Chaudhary.

Priyanka Gandhi and the RLD chief had together travelled to Delhi from Lucknow recently in a Chhattisgarh government plane, triggering the speculation.

Congress leader Pramod Krishnam was also seen at the launch of Pragatisheel Samajwadi Party (Lohia) leader Shivpal Singh Yadav's "rath yatra" in Mathura.

Emphasising that the electoral contest can only be won by strengthening the party at the booth level, Priyanka Gandhi called upon the Congress workers to bolster the booth committees.

She asked the party cadre to be active on social media and post all party activities on various social networking platforms.

Taking a jibe at the ruling BJP, she said the saffron party has no respect for the freedom movement as its leaders did not shed blood and sweat for the country's independence, and added that only leaders such as Mahatma Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and BR Ambedkar envisioned freedom for the country.

The Congress general secretary said her party had not only brought development in the country, but also promoted brotherhood and harmony.

Jaishankar talks strategic ties with Abu Dhabi Crown Prince

Abu Dhabi, Nov 15: Strategic Partnership, the minister said on Twitter.

Jaishankar conveyed the greetings of Prime Minister Narendra Modi to Sheikh Mohamed, and his best wishes of more progress and prosperity for the UAE and further development for bilateral ties, Gulf News reported.

The Crown Prince of Abu Dhabi reciprocated his greetings to the Prime Minister of India and wished more development, progress and stability for the friendly people of India, it said.

During the meeting, the parties discussed the strategic ties between the UAE and India and

ways to boost them in the best interest of the two friendly peoples, the report added.

Meanwhile, the Sarang aerobatics team and the Tejas aircraft of the Indian Air Force (IAF) showcased their flying skills on the opening day of the Dubai Airshow on Sunday.

Five Dhruv advanced light helicopters (ALHs) of the Sarang team, 10 BAE Hawk 132 aircraft of the Suryakiran team and three LCA Tejas aircraft are displaying their swashbuckling aerial manoeuvre for the first time in the Gulf nation, according to officials.

The IAF has been

Scientists sceptical about climate deal feasibility

Glasgow, Nov 15:

While world leaders and negotiators are hailing the Glasgow climate pact as a good compromise that keeps a key temperature limit alive, many scientists are wondering what planet these leaders are looking at. Crunching the numbers they see a quite different and warmer Earth. In the bigger picture I think, yes, we have a good plan to keep the 1.5-degree goal within our possibilities, United Nations climate chief Patricia Espinosa told The Associated Press, referring to the overarching global goal of limiting warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius (2.7 degrees Fahrenheit) since pre-industrial times.

Congress to go it alone in all 403 seats in UP

Priyanka rules out alliance in assembly polls

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Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter / Half Year ended September 30, 2021
(Rs. in Lacs except per share data)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone Results					
		Quarter Ended		Half year Ended		Year Ended	
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Income						
	(a) Revenue from Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Other Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Expenses						
	(a) Cost of Materials consumed	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Purchases of stock-in-trade	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Change in inventories of stock-in-trade	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(d) Employee benefits expenses	1.50	1.50	1.50	3.00	3.00	6.00
	(e) Finance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(f) Depreciation and amortisation expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(g) Other expenses	2.29	5.46	2.54	7.76	6.93	10.33
	Total expenses	3.79	6.96	4.04	10.76	9.93	16.33
3	Profit / (Loss) from Ordinary Activities before Exceptional items (1-2)	(3.79)	(6.96)	(4.04)	(10.76)	(9.93)	(16.33)
4	Exceptional items	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Profit / (Loss) from Ordinary Activities before tax (3+4)	(3.79)	(6.96)	(4.04)	(10.76)	(9.93)	(16.33)
6	Tax Expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(a) Current Year	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Short Provision/(excess) of earlier years	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Deferred Tax Liability/ (Asset)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Tax Expenses (a+b+c)	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Net Profit / (Loss) from Ordinary Activities after tax (5-6)	(3.79)	(6.96)	(4.04)	(10.76)	(9.93)	(16.33)
8	Total Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Deferred tax) (OCI)	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Total Comprehensive Income (after tax) (OCI)	(3.79)	(6.96)	(4.04)	(10.76)	(9.93)	(16.33)
10	Earning Per Share (FV. Rs. 10/-)						
	(a) Basic	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.09)
	(b) Diluted	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.09)
11	Paid-up equity share capital (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each)	1,721.88	1,721.88	1,721.88	1,721.88	1,721.88	1,721.88
12	Other Equity excluding Revaluation Reserve	-	-	(530.91)	(513.75)	(520.14)	

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Sr. No.	Particulars	"As at 30th Sep, 2021"	"As at 31st Mar, 2021"
		Unaudited	Audited
1	ASSETS		
	Non - Current Assets		
	(a) Property Plant & equipment	-	-
	(b) Intangible Assets	-	-
	(c) Goodwill	537.63	537.63
	(d) Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-
	(e) Financial Assets	-	-
	(i) Investments	-	-
	(ii) Loans & Advances	-	-
	(iii) Other Financial Assets	-	-
	(f) Deferred Tax Assets(Net)	-	-
	(g) Other non-Current Assets	-	-
	Total Non Current Assets	537.63	537.63
2	Current Assets		
	(a) Inventories	610.75	610.75
	(b) Financial Assets	-	-
	(i) Investments	-	-
	(ii) Trade receivables	6.26	6.26
	(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	4.19	3.58
	(iv) Bank balances Other than(iii)	-	-
	(v) Loans	-	-
	(vi) Other Financial Assets	-	8.76
	(vii) Current Tax Assets (Net)	50.00	52.94
	Total Current Assets	671.20	682.29
	TOTAL ASSETS	1,208.83	1,219.92
1	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	(a) Equity Share Capital	1,721.88	1,721.88
	(b) Other Equity	(530.91)	(520.14)
	Total Equity	1,190.97	1,201.74
2	Liabilities		
	Non Current Liabilities		
	(a) Financial Liabilities	-	-
	(i) Borrowings	-	-
	(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-
	(b) Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	15.80	15.80
	Total Non Current Liabilities	15.80	15.80
3	Current Liabilities		
	(a) Financial Liabilities	-	-
	(i) Borrowings	-	-
	(ii) Trade Payables	-	2.06
	(i) Other Financial Liabilities	-	2.38
	(b) Other Current Liabilities	-	-
	(c) Current Tax Liabilities (net)	-	-
	Total Current Li		